

4.1 KADAR KEMISKINAN DAN BILANGAN ISI RUMAH MISKIN, 1999 & 2002

POVERTY RATE AND NUMBER OF POOR HOUSEHOLDS, 1999 & 2002

		1999			2002		
		Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar Bandar Rural	Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar Bandar Rural
Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian Citizens							
Kadar Kemiskinan ¹ / Incidence of Poverty ¹	(%)	7.5	3.4	12.4	5.1	2.0	11.4
Bilangan Isi Rumah Miskin / Number of Poor Households	('000)	360.1	89.1	271.0	267.9	69.6	198.3
Kadar Ketermiskinan ² / Incidence of Hardcore Poverty ²	(%)	1.4	0.5	2.4	1.0	0.4	2.3
Bilangan Isi Rumah Termiskin / Number of Hardcore-Poor Households	('000)	66.0	13.9	52.1	52.9	12.6	40.3
Jumlah Isi Rumah / Total Households	('000)	4,800.0	2,612.5	2,187.5	5,220.6	3,482.9	1,737.7
Kadar kemiskinan	(%)	16.9			12.5		

Di kalangan Ketua Isi Rumah Wanita

Incidence of Poverty Among Female-Headed Households

Nota / Notes :

¹ Pendapatan Garis Kemiskinan bagi 2002 untuk Semenanjung Malaysia RM529, Sabah RM690 dan Sarawak RM600

¹ Poverty Line Income for 2002 Peninsular Malaysia RM529, Sabah RM690 and Sarawak RM600

² Dianggap berasaskan separuh Pendapatan Garis Kemiskinan

² Estimated using half the poverty line income

Ketua Isi Rumah (KIR) wanita merupakan sesiapa sahaja yang dipilih / dianggap ketua oleh ahli isi rumah tersebut. KIR wanita boleh terdiri daripada berikut :

i. Isteri / Ibu tunggal

iii. Ibu (termasuk ibu tiri)

v. Lain-lain keluarga perempuan

ii. Anak perempuan (termasuk anak tiri / angkat)

iv. Nenek

(termasuk ipar, menantu dll.)

Female-Headed Household refers to whoever chosen / accepted as head by members of the household. Female-headed household may include the following :

i. Wife / Single mother

iii. Mother (including stepmother)

v. Other female family member

ii. Daughter (including stepdaughter / adopted)

iv. Grandmother

(including in-laws)

Sumber : Kajian Separuh Penggal Rancangan Malaysia Kelapan 2001-2005

Source : Mid-Term Review of the Eighth Malaysia Plan 2001-2005